

Grade 7 and 8 Religious Education

Mr. Rossano

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Start of Class Activity & Opening Prayer

Please see the hand out

Off next week 2/20/2017 (President's Day)

Confirmation Classes for 8th Graders Start
2/25/2017. Today is 8th Graders' Last
Class

Lent begins 3/1/201.

Saint Valentine's Day



FEAST DAY: February 14th

Saint Valentine of Rome (176AD-273AD)

Priest in Rome, possibly a bishop. And a physician. Imprisoned for giving aid to martyrs in prison, and while there converted the jailer by restoring sight to the jailer's daughter.

The custom of men and women writing love letters to their "Valentine" started on his feast day.

Some traditions have become attached to this feast, including pinning bay leaves to your pillow on Valentine's Eve so that you will see your future mate that night in your dreams.

Patron of greetings, happy marriages, love and young people.

Evangelical Counsels

Poverty – Living within one’s means and not being obsessed with material possessions. Being poor in spirit (one of the Beatitudes). Living simply so others may simply live.

Chastity – Living a pure life and honoring commitments and promises.

Obedience – “To Listen” and honor those who have been put in authority over us.

Recap of Last Week

- Roman Empire Falls
- Rise of other religions
- Great Schism
- Crusades
- Gregorian Reforms
- Inquisition
- Some Good Guys (Saint Francis of Assisi, Saint Dominic, Saint Thomas Aquinas)

Important Thing About Church History

As Catholics we believe that the Holy Spirit continues to guide the Church...From Pentecost to present day and into the future.

"I also say to you that you are Peter, and upon this rock I will build My church; and the gates of Hades will not overpower it."
(Matthew 16:18)

Church History

Reformation / Council of Trent (1545–1963)

- Clarification of Roman Catholic on Protestant contested points
- Role of Faith and Works in Salvation
- Interpretation of Scripture

Vatican I Council (1869-1870)

- Rationalism
- Definition of Papal Infallibility

Vatican II Council (1962-1965)

- Role of the Church in the World
- Divine Revelation
- Liturgical Reforms
- Ecumenism
- Other Religions

Reformation

Martin Luther – 95 Theses nailed to the Church Door on All Hallow's Eve 1517

Indulgences – Remission of temporal punishment due to sins already forgiven by God.

Other challenges to Catholicism included Scripture, Mass should only be in one's native language, authority of the pope/magisterium.

Luther gathered a following, including government support in Germany.

Other Challenges

Zwingli (1484-1531) rejects the real presence of Jesus in the Eucharist. Also rejects teaching authority of the church for Scripture.

Others rejected infant baptism (Anabaptists)

John Calvin – One of his many thoughts was predestination.

King Henry VIII – Sought divorce/annulment, but ended up making himself the head of the Church of England.

Counter Reformation

Council of Trent reaffirmed:

- God's grace works through each person, enabling that person's cooperation in the work of salvation.
- Faith must be expressed in good works
- Jesus's real presence in the Eucharist.
- Seven Sacraments.
- Books in the Old and New Testament.
- Praying to the Saints and for Souls in Purgatory.

Counter Reformation (Cont.)

Roman Catholicism introduced the Catechism of the Catholic Church in 1566

The Church is always growing and renewing. As members of the Church, we too are always growing and renewing ourselves to be more like Christ.

Vatican I Council

The church again “rationalism”

Papal Infallibility

Cut short by the Franco-Prussian War
before they formerly defined the role of
bishops and priests.

Vatican II Council

- Role of Bishops, Priests and Laity
- Role of the Church in the Modern World
- Divine Revelation (Scripture and Tradition)
- Liturgical Reforms (Mass in native language)
- Ecumenism (Trying to form better relationships with other Christians)
- Other Religions (Trying to relate to Judaism, Islam, Buddhism, Hinduism)